

Resolutions and Recommendations Sheets

Sheet updated on: 23/11/2022

Resolution 88. Responsible renewable energy sources



AGB

Year	Congress
2012	
Sponsoring entity	Co-sponsoring entities
	SEO / BirdLife, Oxygen Foundation, CEIDA, Oceánidas, Quercus.
Petition	
It recommends that governments: conduct analyses of the life-cycle impacts of large-scale biofuel production, as well as other renewable energy technologies; conduct environmental impact	

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assessments of renewable energy technologies, in line with existing legislation in each country; evaluate the effects of proposed renewable energy projects; and incorporate the decentralization of renewable energy production systems into their energy plans. Requests the Director General to promote, based on IUCN data, a report to be made available to Members assessing the environmental and social impacts that the production and use of biofuels has caused to date. Urges governments to make progress on new biofuel production projects and sustainable renewable energy projects; and to consider the importance of protected areas and avoid establishing large energy projects within them.

State	Fulfilment in Spain
Activa	In process

Summary of actions carried out with effect in Spain

Drafting of the document: "[Bioenergy in Spain: Is it really an alternative](#)", in which the use of bioenergy was proposed as an alternative.

[Use of substances of organic origin to obtain energy in some industries.](#)

[Study of the Macroeconomic Impact of Renewable Energies in Spain.](#)

[New method of environmental assessment for marine renewables.](#)

[Recovery of a position in Spain's 'top-ten' on major renewable energy powers.](#)

[Strategic environmental study of the National Integrated Energy and Climate Plan 2021-2030.](#)

[Renewable Energy Plan 2011- 2020.](#)

[Biofuels in Andalusia.](#)

[Report on the application of the national action framework for alternative energies in transport.](#)

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[Study of the Macroeconomic Impact of Renewable Energies in Spain 2019.](#) (2020).

[National Integrated Energy and Climate Plan \(PNIEC\) 2021-2030.](#) (2021).

[National Plan for Adaptation to Climate Change 2021-2030.](#) (2021). Incorporation of renewable energies.

[PERTE of Renewable Energies, Renewable Hydrogen and Storage.](#) (2021).

[Energy Strategy of Andalusia 2030.](#) (2021).

[Strategic Plan with estimates of impact on local employment and the industrial value chain.](#) (2021).

[Recovery, Transformation and Resilience Plan.](#) (2022). Promoting the green transition with the deployment of renewable energies.

[Strategic Plan for Natural Heritage and Biodiversity to 2030.](#) (2022). A greater sustainability of renewable energies will be promoted.

[Spain leads the world renewable energy.](#) (2022).

Legislation:

[BOE-A-2014-6123](#): Royal Decree 413/2014 (regulating the production of electrical energy from renewable energy sources, cogeneration and waste), [DIRECTIVE 2014/94/EU OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 22 October 2014](#) (on the implementation of an infrastructure for alternative fuels), [Opinion 254/2018 \(ENERGY, TOURISM AND DIGITAL AGENDA\)](#), [Royal Decree 244/2019](#) (regulating the administrative, technical and economic conditions for the self-consumption of electrical energy).

[Royal Decree-Law 23/2020, of June 23](#), which approves measures in the field of energy and other areas for economic reactivation.



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Royal Decree 960/2020, of November 3, which regulates the economic regime of renewable energies for electricity production facilities.

Law 7/2021, of May 20, on climate change and energy transition.

Estimated geographical scope	Geographical scope achieved
	

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